MODELS OF SPACE OBJECT MOTION BASED ON TIME SERIES OF TLE-ELEMENTS

Institute of Technical Mechanics

of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine and the State Space Agency of Ukraine 15 Leshko-Popel St., Dnipro 49005, Ukraine; e-mail:porkygoo@gmail.com

Timely detection of changes in the characteristics of space hardware objects during their long-term operation is one of the main tasks in the development and study of onboard systems that maintain the efficiency of their operation. This paper presents a statistical method for simulating the motion of space objects (spacecraft and used launch vehicle stages) in the class of autoregressive models. The method allows one to improve the quality of description and prediction of the motion of space objects based on simulating time series of their TLE-elements (two-line orbital element sets). The purpose of this work is to increase the accuracy of mathematical models of the observed motion of space objects in the problems of deorbit time determination, satellite collision prediction, and space debris cataloging. The paper presents a system for simulating the motion of space objects, which allows one to determine an optimal amount of learning samples in simulating time series of TLE elements, determine the order of autoregression and find an optimal model structure for each variable element, identify model parameters in conditions of unequally spaced observations, identify features of the time behavior of the root-mean-square errors of the constructed autoregressive models on the basis of dividing the initial time series of TLE-elements into successive learning intervals, and obtain predictive estimates of the values of variable elements. The proposed statistical method of space object motion simulation can be recommended to describe and predict the motion of spacecraft and used launch vehicle stages represented as time series of TLE-elements (which are publicly available and regularly updated). The application of the proposed statistical method will increase the accuracy of mathematical models of the observed motion of space objects in the problems of deorbit time determination, satellite collision prediction, and space debris cataloging.

Keywords: time series of TLE elements, unequally spaced observations, autoregressive models, beta distribution, structural uncertainty, group method of data handling.

1. Pérez I., San-Juan J. F., San-Martin M., López-Ochoa L. M. Application of computational intelligence in order to develop hybrid orbit propagation methods. Mathematical Problems in Engineering. 2013. V.2013. Article ID 631628. 11 pp. URL: https://doi.org/10.1155/2013/631628. (Last accessed on March 20, 2020). https://doi.org/10.1155/2013/631628

2. Shou H. N. Orbit propagation and determination of low earth orbit satellites. International Journal of Antennas and Propagation. 2014. Article ID 903026. 12 pp. URL: https://doi.org/10.1155/2014/903026. (Last accessed on March 22, 2020). https://doi.org/10.1155/2014/903026

3. Sharma S., Cutler J. Robust Orbit Determination and Classification: A Learning Theoretic Approach. IPN Progress Report 42. 2015. V. 42-203, November 15. UR: https://ipnpr.jpl.nasa.gov/progress_report/42-203/203D.pdf. (Last accessed on March 25, 2020).

4. Vallado D., Crawford P. SGP4 orbit determination. AIAA/AAS Astrodynamics Specialist Conference and Exhibit Proceedings. 2008. URL: https://doi.org/10.2514/6.2008-6770. (Last accessed on March 30, 2020). https://doi.org/10.2514/6.2008-6770

5. Jochim E., Gill E., Montenbruck O., Kirschner M. GPS based onboard and onground orbit operations for small satellites. Acta Astronautica. 1996. V. 39 (9-12). 1996. Pp. 917-922. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0094-5765(97)00077-5

1111ps.//doi.org/10.1010/30094-3703(97)00077-3

6. Lee B. Norad tle conversion from osculating orbital element. Journal of Astronomy

and Space Sciences. 2002. V. 19. No. 4. Pp. 395-402. https://doi.org/10.5140/JASS.2002.19.4.395

7. Sarychev A. P. Identification of systems parameters of autoregression equations for known covariance matrices. Journal of Automation and Information Sciences. 2012. V. 44. No. 5. Pp. 10-27.

https://doi.org/10.1615/JAutomatInfScien.v44.i5.20

8. Sarychev A. P. Linear autoregression based on the group method of data handling in conditions of quasiduplicate observations. Stuc. Intelect. 2015. No. 3-4. Pp. 105-123. (in Russian).

9. Sarychev A. P. Modeling in a class of autoregression equations systems in conditions of structural uncertainty. Journal of Automation and Information Sciences. 2015. V. 47. No. 7. pp. 59-88. https://doi.org/10.1615/JAutomatInfScien.v47.i7.60

10. Sarychev O. P. Simulation of Complex Systems under Structural Uncertainty: Regression and Autoregressive Models. LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing RU, 2016. 274 pp. (in Russian)

11. Korolyk V. S., Portenko N. I., Skorokhod A. V., Turbin A. F. Handbook on Probability Theory and Mathematical Statistics. Nauka, 1985. 640 pp. (in Rusian).

12. Korn G., Korn T. Mathematical Handbook for Scientists and Engineers. Nauka, 1977. 831 pp. (in Russian).

13. FSCC TLE Source. URL: https://www.space-track.org/#Landing. (Last accessed on December 3, 2020).

14. Sarychev O. P., Perviy B. A. Optimal regressors search subjected to vector autoregression of unevenly spaced TLE series. System Technologies. 2019. No. 2 (121). Pp. 95-110.

15. Sarychev O. P., Perviy B. A. Autoregression models of space objects movement represented by TLE elements. System Technologies. 2020. No. 2 (127). Pp. 103-116. https://doi.org/10.34185/1562-9945-2-127-2020-08

> Received on March 11, 2021, in final form on April 5, 2021